Safety Data Sheet

Date prepared: March 25, 2015 Revision date: May 24, 2022 (Ver.4)

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Urine Calibrator Set
Product Code	J10036
Company Name, Address	JOKOH CO., LTD.
	731-1, Unane, Takatsu-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 213-8588 Japan
	TEL: +81-44- 811-9211
	FAX: +81-44-811-9209
Contact No.	Laboratory Division, Research & Department
	TEL: +81-44- 811-9211
Recommended usage	Use as standard solution for urine sample in our Electrolyte Analyzer.
Restrictions in use	Never use other instruments than JOKOH CO., LTD. designated instruments

2. SUMMARY OF HAZARDS

GHS Classification Other hazards not classified in GHS Not applicable to GHS classification. No information

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Pure Substance or Mixture Component

Mixture

Triethanolamine (1.0% or less)

Chemical formula: C6H15NO3 Reference Number in Gazetted List in Japan: (2)-308 Reference Number in Safety and Health Act in Japan: N/A CAS.No.: 102-71-6

Only substances subject to laws and regulations are listed. Impurities and Stabilizing N/A additives

4. FIRST AND MEASURES

Inhalation **Skin Contact Eye Contact**

Ingestion

Protection of First Aiders Special precautions for physicians Most Important Signs Symptom of acute and delayed

No chance of inhalation (aqueous solution) Wash the affected skin with water thoroughly Flush eyes with clean water for 15 minutes at least. Also, seek medical advice/attention if necessary. Rinse with clean water or drink water/milk to spit it out. Seek medical attention if necessary.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Extinguishing Media Not to be Used **Specific Hazards Special Firefighting Method Protection for firefighters**

This product is nonflammable. In case of fire around the container, extinguishing media including water can be used. No information No information No information Extinguish from upwind, and avoid inhalation of vapors and smoke. Wear personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Nothing in particular Nothing in particular No Information

Precautions for Human health Precautions for Environmental	During work, wear protective equipment. Be careful not to let the leaked product be discharged into rivers, etc., causing an impact on the environment.
Containment and Cleaning Method/Equipment Recovery/Neutralization	Nothing in particular The leaked liquid is received as much as possible, and the rest will be incinerated by absorbing cloth, rags, and the like. Not be recoverable liquid, wash away thoroughly diluted with plenty of water.
Measures of Secondary Accident Prevention	No information

7. PRECAUTION IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

<u>Handling:</u> Technical Measures Precaution	Wear the appropriate protective equipment to avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid accidental ingestion. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Do not handle the container roughly by tipping over, dropping, or applying impact.
Precautions for Safety Handling Storage	Do not eat or drink when in use. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and nose. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.
Contact Avoidance	Nothing in particular
Hygiene Measures	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
<u>Storage:</u>	
Safety Storage	
Condition	
Storage Condition	Containers should be kept out of direct sunlight and away from hot objects. Store so as not to fall or topple over.
Safety Container	No information
Packaging Material	
Banned substance for a mixture	No information

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PROTECTION MEASURES

Allowable Concentration	N
Control Concentration	N
Exposure Limit	Ν
Facility Measures	Pı
Protective Equipment	
Respiratory	Pı
Protection	
Hand Protection	Pı
Eye or Face	Pı
Protection	
Skin and Body	If
Protection	

Not decided Not decided Not decided Provide hand washing facilities nearby and mark their location. Protective mask Protective gloves Protective glasses

If necessary, protective boots, protective clothing, and rubber fronts

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Liquid
Physical Color	Clear and colorless
Physical Odor	Odorless
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Approx. 0 °C (aqueous solution)
Boiling Point, Initial Boiling Point, and	Approx. 100 °C (aqueous solution)
Boiling Range	
Flammability	Non-flammable (aqueous solution)
Lower and Upper Explosive	Not applicable (aqueous solution)
Limits/Flammability Limits	
Flash Point	Non-flammable (aqueous solution)
Spontaneous Ignition Point	Not applicable (aqueous solution)
Resolution Temperature	Not applicable (aqueous solution)
рН	7.4 ± 0.1
Kinematic Viscosity Rate	No data (aqueous solution)
Evaporation Rate	No data (aqueous solution)
Solubility	No data (aqueous solution, dissolved by water)

n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient Vapor Pressure Vapor Density or Relative Vapor Density Relative Gas Density Particle characteristics No data (aqueous solution) No data (aqueous solution) 1.00~1.10 g/cm³ (25°C) No data (aqueous solution) Not applicable (aqueous solution)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Reactivity Hazardous Reactivity: Hazardous Polymerization Conditions to avoid Hazardous substance mixtures Hazardous decomposition products

Non-reactive under normal use conditions No hazardous polymerization reactions No data Nothing in particular

Stable under normal use conditions

No data

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity:	
Oral	Based on the evaluation based on the bridging principle, LD50>5000mg/kg does not apply
	to the category.
	Reference) Triethanolamine
	Not classified based on Rat LD50 values: 8,680 mg/kg, 9,110
	mg/kg (ACGIH (7th, 2001), PATTY (6th, 2012)), 8,000 mg/kg
	(PATTY (6th, 2012)), 8,000, 9,000 mg/kg and 4,200-11,300 mg/kg
- · ·	(NTP TR 518 (2004), SIDS (2001)).
Transdermal	Based on the evaluation in accordance with the bridging principle, LD50 >5000 mg/kg is
	not classifiable. However, some components have no data and cannot be classified.
	Reference) Triethanolamine
	Not classified based on a rabbit dermal LD50 value $> 2,000 \text{ mg/kg}$
	(SIDS (2001)) and a 24-hour dermal application study of 2 g/kg on
Inhalation: Vapor	rabbit skin with no deaths observed (NTP TR 518 (2004)) The classification is not applicable due to containing a component for which GHS
innalation: vapor	classification results have not been published.
Inhalation: Dust, Mist	The evaluation based on the bridging principle resulted in the classification not applicable,
innaration. Dusty wist	but there are components for which no data are available, so they cannot be classified.
	Reference) Triethanolamine
	The classification is not possible due to lack of data
Skin Corrosion/ Irritation	The evaluation based on the bridging principle resulted in the classification not applicable,
	but there are components for which no data are available, so they cannot be classified.
	Reference) Triethanolamine
	Based on the descriptions in ACGIH (7th, 2001), SIDS (2001), IARC 77
	(2000), and NTP TR 518 (2004) that "skin irritation was observed in humans
	due to exposure to high concentrations or repeated exposure," it is classified as class 2.
Severe Eye Damage/ Eye Irritation	The evaluation based on the bridging principle resulted in the classification not applicable,
Severe Lye Duninge, Lye Inflution	but there are components for which no data are available, so they cannot be classified.
	Reference) Triethanolamine
	ACGIH (7th, 2001), PATTY (6th, 2012), and NTP TR 518 (2004)
	state, "Irritation was observed in an eye irritation test using rabbits,
	and complete recovery was observed after 14 days.
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Classification not possible due to lack of data for all components.
	(Reference) Triethanolamine
~	Classification not possible due to lack of data
Germ cell Mutagenicity	The results of the evaluation based on the bridging principle for the components for which
	data were obtained are not applicable to the classification, but cannot be classified because
Carcinogenicity	they include ingredients for which no data are available. Same as above.
Reproductive Toxicity	Same as above.
Specific Target Organ/Systemic	The classification is not applicable due to the results of the evaluation based on the
Toxicity (Single Exposure)	bridging principle for components for which data is obtained are not applicable.
Specific Target Organ/Systemic	The classification is not applicable due to the results of the evaluation based on the
Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)	bridging principle for components for which data is obtained are not applicable.

Aspiration Hazard

Classification not possible due to lack of data.

12. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

T 4	• • .	
Ecoto	xicity	
10000		

Leotomency	
Acute Hazard to the Aquatic	The classification is not applicable due to the results of the evaluation based on the bridging
Environment	principle for components for which data is obtained are not applicable.
Chronic Hazard to the Aquatic	Same as above.
Environment	
The toxicity to other creatures	No data
Residual property and	No data
Degradability	
Creature accumulation	No data
characteristics	
Mobility in the soil	No data
Hazardousness to the ozone layer	The classification is not possible due to not containing any components listed in the Annex of the
	Montreal Protocol.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Residual Waste	Discharge with diluting in a large amount of water.
Contaminated containers	Containers should be cleaned and recycled or properly disposed of in accordance with relevant
and packaging	regulations and local government standards. When disposing of empty containers, completely remove residues retained in the containers.

14. TRANSPORT CONSIDERATIONS

ADR/RID(Land)

UN No.N/AProduct NameN/AUN ClassN/ASub HazardN/ALabelN/AContainer ClassN/AERG Code.N/A

IMDG(Sea) UN No. N/A Product Name N/A UN Class N/A Sub Hazard N/A Container Class N/A EmS No. N/A Sea Pollution Substance N/A IATA(Air) UN No. N/A ProductName N/A UN Class N/A Sub Hazard N/A Container Class N/A

15. APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

<u>International Inventory</u>	
REACH (SVHC)	N/A
TSCA, Chapter 6	N/A
Montreal Protocol	N/A
Stockholm Convention on Persistent (POPs)	N/A
Rotterdam Convention on the Prior (PIC)	N/A
Domestic Low	
Industrial Safety and Health Act	Hazardous and toxic substances of which names, etc., should be notified (Article 57-2 of the Law and Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order): Triethanolamine (381 in Appended Table 9) 2): Triethanolamine (381 in Appended Table 9)
Law concerning Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR Low)	Ń/A
Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act	N/A
Fire Services Act	N/A
Road Act	N/A
Ship Safety Act	N/A
Aviation Act	N/A
Water Pollution Control Act	N/A
Marine Pollution Control Act	N/A
Air Pollution Control Act	N/A
Law Concerning the Evaluation of Chemical Substances and Regulation of Their Manufacture, etc.	N/A

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reference cited

- 1) Hazard communication of chemicals based on GHS-Labeling and Safety Data Sheet (SDS), JIS Z 7253:2019
- 2) Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (Revision ver. 2.0)
- 3) Chemical substance management control support project commissioned by the Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare and Ministry of the Environment, 2008, 2009

Ver. 4

information

Revision No.

Meaning of abbreviations, acronyms in SDS	No
---	----

Disclaimer

This SDS is following JIS Z 7253:2019. The statements are based on normal handling. The contents are based on the latest information at the revision date, but this does not mean all the information is covered. Therefore, in case we obtain new

information, there is a possibility of addition and correction. In all the products, there may be a possibility of having an unknown hazard, therefore, please pay attention when you treat this SDS.